

UPSTREAM PRE-INTERMEDIATE VOCABULARY LIST

MODULE 5

Module **5** Modern Living

(p. 101)

- M5.1 review /rɪ'vjuː/ (n) = recenzja
*e.g. Have you read any review of this film?
If it's not good, I don't want to see it.*
- M5.2 gadget /'gædʒɪt/ (n) = gadżet, nowość

- e.g. He's always looking for the best gadgets because
his work has to do with technology.*
- M5.3 graffiti /grə'fɪti/ (n) = grafitti

9a – (pp. 102–103)

- 9a.1 pick /pɪk/ (n) = tu: najlepszy wybór
- 9a.2 murder /'mɜːdə/ (n) = morderstwo
Der.: murderer (n)
- 9a.3 admission /əd'mɪʃən/ (n) = opłata za wstęp
- 9a.4 live /laɪv/ (adj) = (np. o koncercie)
pokazywany/transmitowany na żywo
- 9a.5 detective /dɪ'tektɪv/ (n) = detektyw
- 9a.6 solve /sɒlv/ (v) = rozwiązać (np. zagadkę)
e.g. *The detective solved the mystery after finding an important clue.*
Der.: solution (n)
- 9a.7 guaranteed /gə'rentɪd/ (adj) = gwarantowany
- 9a.8 senior /'siːniə/ (n) = starsza osoba
- 9a.9 multicultural /ˌmʌltɪ'kʌltʃərə/ (adj) = wielokulturowy
e.g. *He comes from a multicultural background and is fluent in three languages.*
- 9a.10 movement /'mʊvmənt/ (n) = ruch
- 9a.11 troupe /trʊːp/ (n) = trupa; tu: grupa taneczna
- 9a.12 perform /pə'fɔːm/ (v) = występować
e.g. *Although she was an inexperienced singer, she was able to perform without getting nervous.*
- 9a.13 cultural mix /'kʌltʃərə/ miks/ (n) = mieszanka kulturowa
- 9a.14 miss the chance = stracić okazję
e.g. *You missed your chance to meet some very famous people; you should have been there.*
- 9a.15 release /rɪ'liːs/ (n) = nowy film; wejście filmu na ekrany
- 9a.16 screen /skriːn/ (n) = ekran
- 9a.17 state-of-the-art /'steɪtəvðɪ'ɑːt/ (adj) =
supernowoczesny
e.g. *This state-of-the-art stereo produces a very clear sound.*
- 9a.18 digital surround sound = cyfrowy dźwięk stereofoniczny
- 9a.19 abyss /ə'bis/ (n) = przepaść, otchłań
- 9a.20 exhibition /ˌeksɪ'bjʃən/ (n) = wystawa
e.g. *Let's go to the art exhibition to admire the latest collection by your favourite painter!*
- 9a.21 material /mə'tɪəriəl/ (n) = materiał
Der.: materialistic (adj)
- 9a.22 technique /tek'nik/ (n) = metoda
e.g. *The engineer invented a new technique of bridge building using computer graphics.*
- 9a.23 image /'ɪmɪdʒ/ (n) = obraz, podobizna, wizerunek
e.g. *The walls in the cathedral were decorated with beautiful images of saints.*
- 9a.24 impressive /ɪm'presɪv/ (adj) = robiący wrażenie

e.g. *The politician's speech was quite impressive, and he managed to persuade his audience to vote for him.*

- 9a.25 include /ɪn'kluːd/ (v) = zawierać
Opp.: exclude
- 9a.26 art lover /'ɑːt lʌvə/ (n) = miłośnik sztuki
- 9a.27 laughter /'lɑːftə/ (n) = śmiech
- 9a.28 it's a laugh a minute = jest kupa śmiechu
e.g. *It's a laugh a minute whenever we go out; he's got a fantastic sense of humour.*
- 9a.29 balcony /'bælkəni/ (n) = (w teatrze) galeria, jaskółka
- 9a.30 circle /'sɜːkl/ (n) = (w teatrze) balkon
- 9a.31 stalls /stɔːlz/ (n pl) = (w teatrze) parter
- 9a.32 award-winning /ə'wɔːdwiːnɪŋ/ (adj) = nagrodzony
- 9a.33 sensation /sen'seɪʃən/ (n) = sensacja, rewelacja
Der.: sensational (adj)
- 9a.34 performance /pə'fɔːməns/ (n) = występ
- 9a.35 particularly /pə'tɪkjələli/ (adv) = szczególnie
e.g. *I found the exhibition particularly interesting because there were sculptures by many famous artists.*
- 9a.36 be fond of = bardzo (coś) lubić
- 9a.37 amusing /ə'mjuːzɪŋ/ (adj) = zabawny
- 9a.38 fancy /'fænsi/ (v) = to like / mieć ochotę
e.g. *Do you fancy coming to the cinema with us tonight?*
- 9a.39 be in the mood = być w nastroju
e.g. *This is a serious matter, so I am not in the mood for jokes.*

9b – Vocabulary Practice (pp. 104–105)

- 9b.1 romance /rəʊ'mæns/ (n) = film o miłości
Der.: romantic (adj)
- 9b.2 historical drama /hɪ'stɒrɪkəl drɑːmə/ (n) = dramat historyczny
e.g. *This historical drama is based on the life of Alexander the Great.*
- 9b.3 horror /'hɒrə/ (n) = horror
- 9b.4 science fiction /saɪəns 'fɪkʃən/ (n) = fantastyka naukowa; science fiction
e.g. *The science fiction film was about aliens who came to visit us from another planet.*
- 9b.5 monster /'mɒnstə/ (n) = potwór
e.g. *The monster had two heads and sixteen legs; it was terrifying!*
- 9b.6 screening /skriːnɪŋ/ (n) = pokaz, projekcja
- 9b.7 gladiator /glæ'diəteɪ/ (n) = gladiator
- 9b.8 superb /suː'pɜːb/ (adj) = excellent / znakomity
e.g. *To put it simply, it was the most superb film that we have ever seen!*

- 9b.9 touching /tʌtʃɪŋ/ (adj) = wzruszający
- 9b.10 fascinating /fə'sɪneɪtɪŋ/ (adj) = fascynujący
e.g. *It was such a fascinating story that the children didn't want it to end.*
- 9b.11 hilarious /hɪ'leəriəs/ (adj) = komiczny, prze zabawny
e.g. *It was such a hilarious joke that I couldn't stop myself from laughing out loud.*
- 9b.12 unoriginal /ˌʌnə'ri:dʒɪnəl/ (adj) = nieoryginalny
- 9b.13 dreadful /dri:dfəl/ (adj) = awful / okropny, straszny
Opp.: wonderful
- 9b.14 at the end = na końcu (np. filmu)
- 9b.15 in the end = koniec końców
e.g. *In the end, there was nothing left to do but to go home.*
- 9b.16 at the beginning = na początku (np. filmu)
- 9b.17 in the beginning = początkowo
- 9b.18 settle in /'setl̩ 'ɪn/ (phr v) = zaaklimatyzować się
e.g. *Since she's new in town, it will take her a few months to settle in.*
- 9b.19 browse the Net = przeglądać strony internetowe
- 9b.20 comics /'kɒmɪks/ (n pl) = komiksy
- 9b.21 novel /'nɒvəl/ (n) = powieść
- 9b.22 biography /baɪ'ɒgrəfi/ (n) = biografia
- 9b.23 plot /plɒt/ (n) = fabuła, akcja
e.g. *The film's plot was so simple that even a child could understand it.*
- 9b.24 go to the movies = iść do kina
- 9b.25 film /fɪlm/ (n) = film
- 9b.26 channel /'tʃænl/ (n) = kanał (telewizyjny)
- 9b.27 setting /'setɪŋ/ (n) = sceneria
- 9b.28 showing /'ʃəʊɪŋ/ (n) = seans; pokaz (filmowy)
- 9b.29 profession /prə'feʃən/ (n) = zawód
e.g. *His parents did not agree with his choice of profession; being a secret agent is not an easy way to earn money.*
- 9b.30 reporter /rɪ'pɔ:tə/ (n) = a journalist / dziennikarz, reporter
- 9b.31 newsreader /nju:zrɪdə/ (n) = prezenter/ka wiadomości
- 9b.32 quizmaster /'kwɪzmɑ:stə/ (n) = prowadzący quiz
- 9b.33 makeup artist /meɪkʌp 'ɑ:tɪst/ (n) = charakteryzator
e.g. *It took the makeup artist one hour to make the young actress look old.*
- 9b.34 weather forecaster /weðə 'fɔ:kɑ:stə/ (n) = prezenter/ka prognozy pogody
- 9b.35 cameraman /kæmərəmæn/ (n) = kamerzysta
- 9b.36 behind the scenes (idm) = za kulisami
- 9b.37 series /'sɪəri:z/ (n) = serial; cykl (programów)
- 9b.38 chat show /tʃæt 'ʃəʊ/ (n) = talk show
e.g. *I find this chat show boring; they're always talking about the same old subjects.*
- 9b.39 sitcom (situation comedy) /sɪtkɒm/ (n)
= serial komediowy, sitcom
- 9b.40 soap opera /'səʊp ɒpə'rə/ (n) = opera mydlana, telenowela
- 9b.41 sweat /swet/ (v) = pocić się
e.g. *Why are you sweating so much? Is it too hot in here?*
- 9b.42 vote /vəʊt/ (v) = głosować
- 9b.43 break the record = pobić rekord
- 9b.44 compete /kəm'pi:t/ (v) = współzawodniczyć
Der.: competitor (n), competitive (adj), competition (n)
- 9b.45 grand /grænd/ (adj) = tu: całkowity
- 9b.46 corruption /kə'rʌpʃən/ (n) = korupcja
- 9b.47 law firm /lɔ: fɜ:m/ (n) = kancelaria adwokacka
- 9b.48 star /stɑ:/ (v) = grać główną rolę (w filmie)
- 9b.49 TV guide /tvɪ 'gaɪd/ (n) = program telewizyjny
e.g. *Please hand me the TV guide so I can see what's on tonight.*

9c – Grammar in use (pp. 106–107)

- 9c.1 imaginary /ɪ'mædʒɪnəri/ (adj) = zmyślony, wymyślony
Opp.: realistic
- 9c.2 unreal /ˌʌn'reəl/ (adj) = nieprawdziwy
- 9c.3 oversleep /ˌəʊvə'sli:p/ (v) = zaspać
e.g. *This is the third time this month that Harry overslept and arrived late at work.*
- 9c.4 film star /fɪlm stɑ:/ (n) = gwiazda filmowa

Phrasal verbs

- 9c.5 turn down /tɜ:n 'daʊn/ = ściszyć
- 9c.6 turn on /tɜ:n 'ɒn/ = to switch on / włączyć
- 9c.7 turn up /tɜ:n 'ʌp/ = podgłośić
- 9c.8 turn off /tɜ:n 'ɒf/ = to switch off / wyłączyć
- 9c.9 turn to /tɜ:n tə/ = zwrócić się (do kogoś)
- 9c.10 turn out /tɜ:n 'aʊt/ = okazać się
e.g. *The task she was given turned out to be much more difficult than she thought it would be.*
- 9c.11 signature /sɪɡnətʃə/ (n) = podpis
- 9c.12 surface /'sɜ:fɪs/ (n) = powierzchnia
- 9c.13 slogan /s'lɔ:gən/ (n) = slogan
- 9c.14 put across /put ə'krɒs/ (phr v) = przedstawić, przekazać
e.g. *The algebra professor put across his theory quite well – none of his students was confused.*
- 9c.15 issue /'ɪʃu/ (n) = kwestia
- 9c.16 deal with /di:l wɪð/ (phr v) = zająć się
e.g. *Let's deal with one problem at a time; they can't all be solved at once.*

- 9c.17 spray paint /'sprɛɪ peɪnt/ (n) = farba w sprayu
 9c.18 the authorities /ɔ:'θɔ:rtɪz/ (n pl) = władze

9d – Listening & Speaking skills (pp. 108–109)

- 9d.1 running time /'rʌnɪŋ taɪm/ (n) = czas trwania
 9d.2 upper circle /'ʌpə 'sɜ:kəl/ (n) = drugi balkon
 9d.3 15-minute interval = 15-minutowa przerwa
 w teatrze, antrak
 9d.4 matinee performance /'mætiːnɪə pə'fɔ:məns/ (n)
 = przedstawienie popołudniowe, popołudniówka
 9d.5 currently showing = obecnie w repertuarze
*e.g. Could you please tell me which film
 is currently showing at the Odeon Cinema?*
 9d.6 performance times /pə'fɔ:məns 'taɪmz/ (n pl)
 = godziny rozpoczęcia się przedstawień
 9d.7 valid /'vælɪd/ (adj) = ważny
*e.g. I'm afraid you can't travel anywhere because
 your passport is not valid.*
 Der.: validity (n), validate (v)
 Opp.: invalid
 9d.8 the performance is fully-booked = wszystkie bilety
 na spektakl są wyprzedane
 9d.9 box office /'bɒks ɒfɪs/ (n) = kasa biletowa
 9d.10 cashier /'kæʃɪə/ (n) = kasjer
*e.g. The cashier took the customer's money
 but forgot to give her a receipt.*
 9d.11 background /'bækgraʊnd/ (n) = tło
 Opp.: foreground
 9d.12 shore /ʃɔ:/ (n) = brzeg (morza)

9e – Writing (p. 110)

- 9e.1 cast /kɑ:st/ (n) = obsada
 9e.2 action packed /'ækʃən pækt/ (adj) = (film) o wartkiej
 akcji
*e.g. It was an action packed movie full of car chases
 and fight scenes.*
 9e.3 this film is a must = ten film trzeba koniecznie zobaczyć
 9e.4 computer animated film = film komputerowo
 animowany
*e.g. The computer animated film, Lion King,
 attracted a large audience.*
 9e.5 trilogy /'trɪlədʒi/ (n) = trylogia
 9e.6 Roman /'rəʊmən/ (adj) = rzymski
 9e.7 betray /bɪ'treɪ/ (v) = zdradzić
 Der.: betrayal (n)
 9e.8 revenge /n'vendʒ/ (n) = zemścić się
 9e.9 plot summary /plɒt sʌməri/ (n) = streszczenie fabuły
 (np. filmu)
 9e.10 samurai /'sæmʊraɪ/ (n) = samuraj

- 9e.11 civil war /sɪvəl 'wɔ:ɹ/ (n) = wojna domowa
 9e.12 date /deɪt/ (v) = napisać datę (na czymś), odatować

Culture Clip 9 (p. 111)

- CC9.1 relief /n'li:f/ (n) = pomoc (humanitarna, społeczna)
*e.g. Third-world countries need to obtain more relief
 from international organisations.*
 CC9.2 in common = wspólny
*e.g. Despite the fact that they have nothing
 in common, they are friends.*
 CC9.3 disagree /dɪ'seɪ'grɪ/ (v) = nie zgadzać się
 Der.: disagreement (n)
 CC9.4 set up /set 'ʌp/ (phr v) = założyć
*e.g. In order to set up a business, he needed
 to get a loan from the bank.*
 CC9.5 comedian /kə'mɪdiən/ (n) = komik
 CC9.6 the public /'pʌblɪk/ (n) = społeczeństwo
 CC9.7 fight /faɪt/ (v) = zwalczać
 CC9.8 poverty /'pɒvəti/ (v) = bieda
*e.g. The TV channel refused to broadcast the film
 because it was unpopular with the viewers.*
 CC9.9 famine /'fæmɪn/ (n) = głód
*e.g. Some African countries are constantly
 affected by famine.*
 CC9.10 fundraising event = impreza połączona ze zbiórką
 pieniędzy
*e.g. Organising a fundraising event was the only
 way the politician could raise enough money.*
 CC9.11 throughout the country = w całym państwie
 CC9.12 put on /'put 'ɒn/ (phr v) = założyć
 Opp.: take off
 CC9.13 crazy (crazier-craziest) /'kreɪzɪ/ (adj) = szalony
e.g. It is a crazy idea that makes no sense to me at all.
 CC9.14 those in need = osoby w potrzebie, potrzebujący
 CC9.15 jelly /'dʒeli/ (n) = galaret(k)a
 CC9.16 chopsticks /'tʃɒpstɪks/ (n pl) = (chińskie) pałeczki
*e.g. I never go to Chinese restaurants because
 I don't know how to use chopsticks.*
 CC9.17 scissors /'sɪzəz/ (n pl) = nożyczki
 CC9.18 grapes /greɪps/ (n pl) = winogrona
 CC9.19 offer /'ɒfə/ (v) = oferować, proponować
*e.g. We offered her a lot for money to star in our film,
 but she refused.*
 CC9.20 talent /'tælənt/ (n) = talent
 CC9.21 unite /ju'naɪt/ (v) = (z)jednoczyć
 Der.: unity (n)
 CC9.22 nation /'neɪʃən/ (n) = naród
 Der.: national (adj)
 CC9.23 shave /ʃeɪv/ (v) = golić (się)

10a – (pp. 112–113)

- 10a.1 **fast forward** = dosł. przewijanie (kasyety) do przodu
- 10a.2 **teenager** /'ti:neɪdʒə/ (n) = nastolatek
- 10a.3 **mobile phone** /,məʊbaɪl 'fəʊn/ (n) = telefon komórkowy
e.g. *I hope my parents will buy me a mobile phone; I need it to contact my friends.*
- 10a.4 **video camera** /'vɪdɪəʊ kæmərə/ (n) = kamera wideo
- 10a.5 **computer** /kəm'pjʊtə/ (n) = komputer
- 10a.6 **hairstyle** /'heəstaɪl/ (n) = fryzura, uczesanie
- 10a.7 **frequently** /'fri:kwəntli/ (adv) = often / często
e.g. *The famous actor is asked that question so frequently that he refuses to answer it anymore.*
Opp.: rarely
- 10a.8 **hip-hop** /,hɪp'hɒp/ (n) = hip hop
- 10a.9 **chat room** /tʃæt ru:m/ (n) = kanał dyskusyjny (na Internecie)
- 10a.10 **nu-metal** /,nu:'metəl/ (n) = nu-metal (gatunek muzyki metalowej)
- 10a.11 **digital camera** /'dɪdʒɪtəl kæmərə/ (n) = kamera cyfrowa
- 10a.12 **portable stereo** /'pɔ:təbəl stɪəriəʊ/ (n) = przenośny zestaw stereo
e.g. *If you have a portable stereo, we can listen to music on the beach.*
- 10a.13 **researcher** /rɪ'sɜ:tʃə/ (n) = pracownik naukowy, badacz
- 10a.14 **question** /'kwɛstʃən/ (v) = przepytać, wypytać
e.g. *Stop questioning me about last night's fight; I don't want to talk about it anymore.*
Opp.: answer
- 10a.15 **survey** /sɜ:vɪ/ (n) = sondaż
- 10a.16 **garage music** /'gærɪdʒ mju:zɪk/ (n) = muzyka garażowa
- 10a.17 **online** /,ɒn'laɪn/ (adv) = (wejść) do sieci, na Internet
e.g. *I went online so as to do some research for my assignment.*
Opp.: offline
- 10a.18 **mate** /meɪt/ (n) = a friend / kumpel
- 10a.19 **text** /tekst/ (v) = wysłać SMS-y
- 10a.20 **chat** /tʃæt/ (v) = rozmawiać, gawędzić
- 10a.21 **text messaging** /,tekst 'mesɪdʒɪŋ/ (n) = wysyłanie SMS-ów
- 10a.22 **take over** /'teɪk 'əʊvə/ (phr v) = przejąć kontrolę/prowadzenie
- 10a.23 **socialise** /'səʊʃəlaɪz/ (v) = udzielać się towarzysko
e.g. *The teacher likes to socialise with his students after classes, which the principal disapproves of.*
- 10a.24 **expert** /'ekspɜ:t/ (n) = ekspert
Der.: expertly (adv), expertise (n)
Opp.: novice
- 10a.25 **craze** /kreɪz/ (n) = moda, szal
e.g. *There is a mobile phone craze going on – everybody wants to have the newest model.*
- 10a.26 **built-in** /,bɪlt'ɪn/ (adj) = wbudowany
- 10a.27 **take a place by storm** (idm) = zdobyć (miejsce) szturmem, podbić, zawojować
- 10a.28 **designer labels** /dɪ,zəɪnə 'leɪbəlz/ (n pl) = tu: markowe ciuchy
e.g. *No wonder you paid so much for these clothes – they're designer labels.*
- 10a.29 **designer gear** /dɪ,zəɪnə 'gɪə/ (n) = markowe ciuchy
- 10a.30 **personal CD player** = discman
- 10a.31 **personal stereo** = przenośny zestaw stereo
- 10a.32 **mobile video phone** = telefon komórkowy z możliwością nagrywania krótkich filmów
- 10a.33 **predict** /prɪ'dɪkt/ (v) = to foresee / przewidzieć
e.g. *He predicted that by the following year they would get married, and they did.*
Der.: prediction (n), predictable (adj)
- 10a.34 **statistical** /stə'tɪstɪkəl/ (adj) = statystyczny
- 10a.35 **preference** /'prefərəns/ (n) = preferencja
- 10a.36 **trend** /trend/ (n) = moda, trend
Der.: trendy (adj)
- 10a.37 **communicate** /kə'mju:nɪkeɪt/ (v) = porozumiewać się
Der.: communication (n), communicative (adj)
- 10a.38 **face to face** = twarzą w twarz
e.g. *He can't communicate as well on the phone as he can face to face.*
- 10a.39 **attitude** /æ'tɪtʃud/ (n) = stosunek
e.g. *He was fired because of his bad attitude towards his duties.*
- 10a.40 **meet up with** /'mi:t 'ʌp wɪð/ (phr v) = spotkać się z
- 10a.41 **in fact** = faktycznie, rzeczywiście
Opp.: in theory
- 10a.42 **generation** /,dʒenə'reɪʃən/ (n) = pokolenie
Der.: generational (adj)

10b – Vocabulary Practice (pp. 114–115)

- 10b.1 **slide projector** /slaɪd prə'dʒektə/ (n) = rzutnik (do slajdów)
- 10b.2 **microscope** /'maɪkrəskəʊp/ (n) = mikroskop
- 10b.3 **overhead projector** /,əʊvəhed prə'dʒektə/ (n) = rzutnik
- 10b.4 **do one's sums** = dodawać

- 10b.5 cell /sel/ (n) = komórka (organizmu)
- 10b.6 chart /tʃɑ:t/ (n) = wykres; tabela
- 10b.7 gadget /gædʒɪt/ (n) = gadżet, nowość
Der.: gadgetry (n)
- 10b.8 walkie talkie /ˈwɔ:ki ˈtɔ:ki/ (n) = krótkofalówka, walkie talkie
- 10b.9 remote control /rɪˈməʊt kənˈtrəʊl/ (n) = pilot
e.g. *You can't switch the TV on because the remote control has no batteries.*
- 10b.10 answering machine /ˈɑ:nsəɪnɪŋ məˈʃɪn/ (n)
= automatyczna sekretarka
- 10b.11 pocket calculator /ˈpɒkɪt ˈkælkjʊleɪtə/ (n)
= kalkulator kieszonkowy
- 10b.12 conduct /kənˈdʌkt/ (v) = przeprowadzić
- 10b.13 reliable /rɪˈlaɪəbəl/ (adj) = niezawodny
e.g. *Jeeps are very reliable in the desert – they are designed to perform well in such conditions.*
Der.: reliability (n)
Opp.: unreliable
- 10b.14 device /dɪˈvaɪs/ (n) = urządzenie
- 10b.15 floppy disc /ˈflɒpi ˈdɪsk/ (n) = dyskietka
e.g. *Could you please save the computer files onto this floppy disc?*
- 10b.16 disk drive /ˈdɪsk ˈdraɪv/ (n) = stacja dysków
- 10b.17 desktop /ˈdesk.tɒp/ (n) = komputer biurkowy
- 10b.18 hard drive /ˈhɑ:d ˈdraɪv/ (n) = twardy dysk
e.g. *My computer's hard drive was damaged, so I lost all the work for my university assignment.*
- 10b.19 modem /ˈmɔ:dem/ (n) = modem
- 10b.20 keyboard /ˈki:bɔ:d/ (n) = klawiatura
- 10b.21 colour monitor /ˈkɔ:lə ˈmɒnɪtə/ (n) = monitor kolorowy
- 10b.22 software /ˈsɒftweə/ (n) = oprogramowanie (komputerowe)
- 10b.23 set up /ˈset ˈʌp/ (phr v) = tu: ustawić
- 10b.24 plug in /ˈplʌŋ ˈɪn/ (phr v) = włączyć
e.g. *Of course the TV is not working – you haven't plugged it in!*
- 10b.25 log on /lɒŋ ˈɒn/ (phr v) = zalogować się
- 10b.26 unplug /ˌʌnˈplʌŋ/ (v) = włączyć, wyjąć z kontaktu
- 10b.27 delete /dɪˈli:t/ (v) = usunąć
e.g. *I accidentally deleted two pages from the text, and now I have to type it all over again.*
- 10b.28 computer file /kəmˈpjʊtə ˈfaɪl/ (n) = plik komputerowy
- 10b.29 password /ˈpɑ:swɔ:d/ (n) = hasło
e.g. *We can't read his computer files because we don't have his password.*
- 10b.30 scroll /skrɔ:l/ (v) = przewijać (tekst w komputerze albo telefonie komórkowym)
- 10b.31 keypad /ˈki:pæd/ (n) = klawisze (w telefonie komórkowym)

10c – Grammar in use (pp. 116–117)

- 10c.1 protest march /ˈprəʊtest mɑ:tʃ/ (n) = marsz protestacyjny
- 10c.2 spokesperson /ˈspəʊkspɔ:sən/ (n) = rzecznik
e.g. *The spokesperson for the Queen told the media that she will be arriving late.*
- 10c.3 excuse /ɪkˈskju:s/ (n) = wymówka, wytłumaczenie
e.g. *There is no excuse for your bad behaviour, so why not just apologise?*
- 10c.4 switch on /ˈswɪtʃ ˈɒn/ (phr v) = to turn on / włączyć
Opp.: switch off
- 10c.5 headphones /ˈhedfəʊnz/ (n pl) = słuchawki
e.g. *You're annoying everybody with that loud music – why don't you use your headphones?*
- 10c.6 carrying case /ˈkæərɪŋ ˈkeɪs/ (n) = futerał
- 10c.7 seismograph /ˈsaɪzməgrɑ:f/ (n) = sejsmograf
- 10c.8 tidal wave /ˈtaɪdəl ˈweɪv/ (n) = fala pływowa
- 10c.9 earthquake /ˈɜ:kweɪk/ (n) = trzęsienie ziemi
e.g. *It was fortunate that we were out of the building when the earthquake struck.*
- 10c.10 gravity /ˈgrævɪtɪ/ (n) = siła ciężkości
- 10c.11 capacity /kəˈpæsɪtɪ/ (n) = pojemność
e.g. *Floppy discs have very limited memory capacity.*
- 10c.12 submarine /ˌsʌbməˈrɪn/ (n) = łódź podwodna
- 10c.13 parachute /ˈpærəʃu:t/ (n) = spadochron
e.g. *You must open the parachute ten seconds after jumping from the plane.*
- 10c.14 average /ˈævərɪdʒ/ (adj) = przeciętny
e.g. *The average person knows nothing about nuclear physics.*
- 10c.15 I haven't a clue = Nie mam pojęcia
e.g. *I haven't a clue as to why your car won't start – I know nothing about cars.*
- 10c.16 I haven't the faintest idea = Nie mam najmniejszego pojęcia
- 10c.17 install /ɪnˈstɔ:l/ (v) = zainstalować
Opp.: uninstall
- 10c.18 air conditioning /ˈeə kənˌdɪjənɪŋ/ (n) = klimatyzacja
- 10c.19 lab (laboratory) /læb/ (n) = laboratorium
- 10c.20 result /rɪˈzʌlt/ (n) = rezultat

Phrasal verbs

- 10c.21 take on /teɪk ˈɒn/ = zatrudnić
e.g. *They took her on as a secretary.*
- 10c.22 take sb out /teɪk ˈaʊt/ = zabrać kogoś (na spacer, kolację)
- 10c.23 take off /teɪk ˈɒf/ = ściągnąć (np. ubranie)
- 10c.24 take up /teɪk ˈʌp/ = zainteresować się czymś
- 10c.25 take after /teɪk ˈɑ:ftə/ = być podobnym do

10d – Listening & Speaking skills (pp. 118–119)

- 10d.1 accurate /'ækjʊrət/ (adj) = dokładny
e.g. It is an accurate watch that hasn't lost time in two years.
Opp.: inaccurate
- 10d.2 keep in touch with sb = utrzymywać kontakt z
e.g. Even though they live in different countries, they use e-mail to keep in touch with each other.
- 10d.3 virus /'vaɪərəs/ (n) = wirus
- 10d.4 damage /'dæmɪdʒ/ (v) = uszkodzić
e.g. She damaged her car in the accident which she had last month.
- 10d.5 eyesight /'aɪsaɪt/ (n) = wzrok
- 10d.6 unsuitable /ˌʌn'su:təbəl/ (adj) = inappropriate / nieodpowiedni, niewłaściwy
e.g. Being unsuitable for each other, they decided to get a divorce.
- 10d.7 connection /kə'nekʃən/ (n) = połączenie
Opp.: disconnection
- 10d.8 share /ʃeə/ (v) = dzielić
e.g. We are sharing this computer for the time being, but I hope to get my own computer soon.
- 10d.9 midday /'mɪd'deɪ/ (n) = południe
e.g. It was so hot by midday that we had to find shelter from the sun.
- 10d.10 You're welcome = Proszę bardzo! (w odpowiedzi na czyjeś podziękowanie)
- 10d.11 flash /flæʃ/ (n) = lampa błyskowa
- 10d.12 blurred /'blɜ:d/ (adj) = (o zdjęciu) nieostry
- 10d.13 overheating /ˌoʊvə'hɪtɪŋ/ (n) = przegrzanie
- 10d.14 button /'bʌtən/ (n) = przycisk
e.g. Press this button only in case of emergency.
- 10d.15 lens /lenz/ (n) = soczewka, obiektyw
- 10d.16 flickering /'flɪkərɪŋ/ (adj) = migocący, drgający
- 10d.17 out of order = zepsuty
e.g. The lift is out of order, so we'll have to take the stairs.
- 10d.18 invent /ɪn'vent/ (v) = wymyślić, wynaleźć
Der.: inventor (n), invention (n), inventive (adj)
- 10d.19 windscreen wiper /'wɪndskri:n waɪpə/ (n) = wycieraczka przedniej szyby
- 10d.20 parking ticket /'pɑ:kɪŋ tɪkɪt/ (n) = mandat za nieprawidłowe parkowanie

10e – Writing (p. 120)

- 10e.1 faulty /'fɔ:ltɪ/ (adj) = wadliwy
- 10e.2 distorted /dɪ'stɔ:tɪd/ (adj) = zniekształcony

e.g. The TV image is distorted because the wind has moved our antenna.

- 10e.3 disc tray /'dɪsk treɪ/ (n) = tu: kieszonka na płytę DVD
- 10e.4 stuck /stʌk/ (adj) = zablokowany
Opp.: unstuck
- 10e.5 purchase /'pɜ:tʃɪs/ (n) = zakup
- 10e.6 state /steɪt/ (v) = oświadczyć
- 10e.7 automatic /ˌɔ:tə'mætɪk/ (adj) = automatyczny
Opp.: manual
- 10e.8 enclose /ɪn'kləʊz/ (v) = załączyć
- 10e.9 invoice /'ɪnvɔɪs/ (n) = faktura
- 10e.10 guarantee /ˌgærən'ti/ (n) = gwarancja
e.g. This fridge comes with a five-year guarantee; if anything happens to it, we will repair it free of charge.
- 10e.11 dissatisfaction /dɪ'sætɪs'fæksjən/ (n) = disappointment / niezadowolenie
- 10e.12 refund /'rɪfʌnd/ (n) = zwrot pieniędzy
- 10e.13 replacement /rɪ'pləsmənt/ (n) = wymiana (wadliwego produktu)

Culture Clip 10 (p. 121)

- CC10.1 educational system /ˌedʒu'keɪʃənəl 'sɪstəm/ (n) = system edukacji
- CC10.2 state /steɪt/ (n) = stan (w USA)
- CC10.3 grade /ɡreɪd/ (n) = klasa
e.g. She is only in the second grade but she can play the piano like a real professional.
- CC10.4 typical /'tɪpɪkəl/ (adj) = typowy
- CC10.5 attend /ə'tend/ (v) = uczęszczać
e.g. I didn't attend the Professor's lecture because I overslept.
Der.: attendance (n)
- CC10.6 divide /dɪ'vaɪd/ (v) = podzielić
Der.: division (n)
- CC10.7 secondary school /sekəndrɪ sku:l/ (n) = szkoła średnia
- CC10.8 split /splɪt/ (v) = to divide / podzielić
- CC10.9 national curriculum /ˌnæʃənəl kə'ɪnkjʊləm/ (n) = (w Wielkiej Brytanii) program nauczania
- CC10.10 lead (to) /li:d/ (v) = prowadzić (do)
- CC10.11 qualifications /ˌkwɒlɪfɪ'keɪʃənz/ (n pl) = kwalifikacje
e.g. To teach at that university, you need good qualifications.
- CC10.12 further /'fɜ:ðə/ (adv) = extra / dodatkowy, kolejny
- CC10.13 qualify /'kwɒlɪfaɪ/ (v) = zakwalifikować się
- CC10.14 entry /'entri/ (n) = wstąpienie na uniwersytet

(pp. 122–123)

- SA5.1 agenda /ə'dʒendə/ (n) = porządek dzienny (w biurze)
 SA5.2 spotlight /'spɒtlaɪt/ (n) = (w teatrze) reflektor
 SA5.3 songwriter /'sɒŋraɪtə/ (n) = autor piosenek
 SA5.4 backing vocals /'bækɪŋ vəʊkəlz/ (n pl) = podkład wokalny
 SA5.5 rehearsal /rɪ'hiːsəl/ (n) = próba (przedstawienia)
e.g. It was the second time the dancer missed the rehearsal, so the director decided to replace her.

- SA5.6 craftsman /'krɑ:ftsmən/ (n) = rzemieślnik
 SA5.7 inventor /ɪn'ventə/ (n) = wynalazca
 SA5.8 wax /wæks/ (n) = wosk
 SA5.9 feather /'feðə/ (n) = pióro
e.g. Fish don't have feathers, silly! You're thinking of birds.
 SA5.10 wing /wɪŋ/ (n) = skrzydło
 SA5.11 melt /melt/ (v) = stopnieć
e.g. The kid's ice cream melted in the hot sun.

Curricular Cuts 5: Art & Design

CCs

(p. 124)

- CCs.5.1 persistence /pə'sɪstəns/ (n) = wytrwałość, upór
 CCs.5.2 bow /baʊ/ (v) = kłaniać się
 CCs.5.3 painting /'peɪntɪŋ/ (n) = malowanie
e.g. Her favourite hobbies are painting and hill-walking.
 CCs.5.4 cubism /'kju:bɪzəm/ (n) = kubizm
 CCs.5.5 introduce /ɪn'trə'dju:s/ (v) = wprowadzić, sprowadzić
e.g. Sir Walter Raleigh introduced the potato into England in the 16th century.
 CCs.5.6 through /θru:/ (prep) = przez, poprzez
 CCs.5.7 geometrical /dʒɪə'metɪkəl/ (adj) = geometryczny
 CCs.5.8 shape /ʃeɪp/ (n) = kształt
 CCs.5.9 cone /kəʊn/ (n) = stożek
 CCs.5.10 cylinder /'sɪlɪndə/ (n) = walec
 CCs.5.11 represent /,reprɪ'zent/ (v) = reprezentować
e.g. He was very pleased to represent his country at the Olympics.
 CCs.5.12 see sth in one's mind's eye (idm) = widzieć coś oczyma duszy
 CCs.5.13 reality /rɪ'ælɪti/ (n) = rzeczywistość

e.g. Ice-hockey seems easy but in reality it is a very difficult sport.

- CCs.5.14 impressionism /ɪm'preʃənɪzəm/ (n) = impresjonizm
 CCs.5.15 outdoors /,aʊt'dɔ:z/ (adv) = na dworze, pod gołym niebem
 CCs.5.16 daylight /'deɪlaɪt/ (n) = światło dzienne
 CCs.5.17 characterise /'kærəktəraɪz/ (v) = charakteryzować
 CCs.5.18 brushstroke /'brʌʃstroʊk/ (n) = pociągnięcie pędzlem
 CCs.5.19 messy /mesɪ/ (adj) = niechlujny
 CCs.5.20 blend /blend/ (v) = to mix / mieszać
 CCs.5.21 post-impressionism /pəʊstɪm'preʃənɪzəm/ (n) = postimpresjonizm
 CCs.5.22 emphasise /em'fæsəz/ (v) = podkreślać
e.g. His mother emphasised the importance of studying systematically.
 CCs.5.23 especially /ɪ'speʃəli/ (adv) = zwłaszcza, szczególnie
 CCs.5.24 surrealism /sə'reəlɪzəm/ (n) = surrealizm
 CCs.5.25 imagine /ɪ'mædʒɪn/ (v) = wyobrazić sobie
 Der.: imagination (n), imaginative (adj)
 CCs.5.26 unexpected /ˌʌnɪk'spektɪd/ (adj) = niespodziewany
 CCs.5.27 primary colour /'praɪməri 'kɒlə/ (n) = barwa podstawowa

1

Songsheet

(p. 126)

- S1.1 don't judge a book by its cover (idm) = pozory mylą
 S1.2 beauty is only skin deep (idm) = pozory mylą
 S1.3 learn one's lesson = dostać nauczkę
 S1.4 appearance /ə'piərəns/ (n) = wygląd
e.g. Eva is so fussy about her appearance; she takes hours getting ready to go out.
 S1.5 honest /'ɒnɪst/ (adj) = uczciwy
 Opp.: dishonest

- S1.6 handsome /'hænsəm/ (adj) = przystojny
 S1.7 fair /feə/ (adj) = sprawiedliwy, uczciwy
 S1.8 alternative /ɔl'tɜ:nətɪv/ (adj) = niekonwencjonalny, inny
e.g. Many people are turning to alternative forms of medicine such as acupuncture.
 S1.9 selfish /'selfɪʃ/ (adj) = samolubny
 S1.10 beauty is in the eye of the beholder (idm)
 = piękność jest rzeczą względną
 S1.11 all that glitters is not gold (idm) = nie wszystko złoto, co się świeci

2

Songsheet

(p. 127)

- S2.1 relate /rɪ'leɪt/ (v) = to link / powiązać
e.g. His problems are related to smoking.
 S2.2 sail /seɪl/ (v) = płynąć (statkiem)
 S2.3 wave /weɪv/ (n) = fala
 S2.4 long (for) /lɒŋ/ (v) = tęsknić za, marzyć o
 S2.5 absence makes the heart grow fonder (idm)
 = o nieobecnych myślimy życzliwiej

- S2.6 out of sight, out of mind (idm) = co z oczu, to z serca
 S2.7 a rolling stone gathers no moss (idm) = toczący się kamień nie obrasta mchem
 S2.8 when in Rome, do as the Romans do (idm) = kiedy wejdiesz między wrony, musisz krakać jak i one
 S2.9 the grass is always greener on the other side (idm)
 = wszędzie dobrze, gdzie nas nie ma

3

Songsheet

(p. 128)

- S3.1 count off /'kaʊnt 'ɒf/ (phr v) = odliczać
 S3.2 celebrate /'selɪbreɪt/ (v) = obchodzić, świętować
e.g. Michael celebrated his 21st birthday today.
 Der.: celebration (n)
 S3.3 throw a party = urządzać przyjęcie
 S3.4 laughter /'lɑ:tə/ (n) = śmiech

- S3.5 gather /'gæðə/ (v) = zgromadzić (się)
 S3.6 all work and no play makes Jack a dull boy (idm)
 = od samej pracy człowiek tylko głupieje
 S3.7 paint the town red (idm) = wyjść na miasto i zaszaleć
 S3.8 have a whale of a time (idm) = świetnie się bawić
 S3.9 the company makes the feast (idm) = dobra zabawa zależy od towarzystwa

Songsheet

4

(p. 129)

- S4.1 match /mætʃ/ (n) = mecz
 S4.2 pitch /pɪtʃ/ (n) = boisko futbolowe
 S4.3 whistle /ˈwɪsəl/ (n) = gwizdek
 S4.4 crowds /kraʊdz/ (n pl) = tłumy
 S4.5 cheer /tʃɪə/ (v) = wiewatować, kibicować
 S4.6 fan /fæn/ (n) = fan, kibic

- S4.7 champion /tʃæmpiən/ (n) = mistrz
 S4.8 go wild = szaleć
 S4.9 victory /ˈvɪktəri/ (n) = zwycięstwo
 e.g. *The captain and his team celebrated their victory.*
 Opp.: defeat
 S4.10 be thrilled /θrɪld/ (v) = być zachwyconym,
 podekscytowanym
 S4.11 self-criticism /ˌselfˈkɪtɪsɪzəm/ (n) = samokrytyka

Songsheet

5

(p. 130)

- S5.1 bully /ˈbuli/ (v) = zastraszać, znęcać się nad słabszymi
 S5.2 hurt sb's feelings = zranić czyjeś uczucia
 S5.3 bro /brəʊ/: abbreviation for *brother* / (potocznie) brat
 S5.4 drive sb mad = doprowadzić kogoś do szału
 S5.5 make sb's life a misery = uprzykrzyć komuś życie
 S5.6 permission /pəˈmɪʃən/ (n) = pozwolenie
 e.g. *The pupil asked her teacher for permission to leave the classroom.*
 S5.7 make fun of sb = naśmiewać się z kogoś
 S5.8 grow out of sth = wyrosnąć z czegoś
 S5.9 column /ˈkɒləm/ (n) = (w gazecie) rubryka, dział
 S5.10 reader /ˈriːdər/ (n) = czytelnik

- S5.11 soothe away /ˌsuːð əˈweɪ/ (phr v) = złagodzić,
 uśmierzyć
 e.g. *Tell me why you are upset and I will try to soothe away your problems.*
 S5.12 wisdom /ˈwɪzdəm/ (n) = mądrość
 e.g. *Ghandi was a remarkable man who spoke great words of wisdom.*
 S5.13 where there's a will, there's a way (idm)
 = dla chcącego nie ma nic trudnego
 S5.14 a problem shared is a problem halved (idm) = miło
 duszy, gdy się nad nią druga wzruszy
 S5.15 every cloud has a silver lining (idm) = nie ma tego
 złego, co by na dobre nie wyszło

