

UPSTREAM PRE-INTERMEDIATE VOCABULARY LIST

MODULE 3

(p. 53)

- M3.1 moments in life = chwile w życiu
- M3.2 greetings card /'grɪtɪŋz kɑːd/ (n) = kartka z życzeniami
- M3.3 second-hand /'sekənd'hænd/ (adj) = z drugiej ręki
e.g. I found a good quality army jacket in a second-hand shop.
Opp.: brand-new
- M3.4 calm sb down /kɑːm 'daʊn/ (phr v) = uspokoić kogoś
e.g. After hearing the bad news she became quite upset, but the nurse calmed her down by giving her some medication.

- M3.5 congratulate /kən'grætʃuleɪt/ (v) = pogratulować
e.g. We wish to congratulate you on the publication of your first book.
- M3.6 thank /θæŋk/ (v) = podziękować
- M3.7 make arrangements = poczynić przygotowania (do)
- M3.8 postcard /'pəʊstkɑːd/ (n) = kartka pocztowa
e.g. I received a postcard from Janet, and she seems to be having a great time in Spain.

5a – (pp. 54–55)

- 5a.1 on offer = w sprzedaży
- 5a.2 item /aɪtəm/ (n) = artykuł, produkt
- 5a.3 charity shop /'tʃærɪti ʃɒp/ (n) = sklep z rzeczami używanymi, które są sprzedawane dla celów charytatywnych
e.g. She enjoys going to charity shops as she can find many bargains there and at the same time help the poor.
- 5a.4 antique /æn'tɪk/ (n) = antyk
- 5a.5 pick up bargains = znajdować okazje (artykuły po okazyjnej cenie)
- 5a.6 variety /və'raɪəti/ (n) = wybór, różnorodność
- 5a.7 in need = w potrzebie
e.g. This government does nothing to help the people in need.
- 5a.8 subheading /sʌbhedɪŋ/ (n) = podtytuł
- 5a.9 specialise (in) /speʃəlaɪz/ (v) = specjalizować się (w)
e.g. This shop specialises in children's toys.
Der.: speciality (n), specialisation (n)
- 5a.10 car boot sale /kɑː 'bʊt seɪl/ (n) = (British English) giełda rzeczy używanych, które są sprzedawane z bagażnika samochodu
- 5a.11 range /reɪndʒ/ (n) = gama, wybór
- 5a.12 check /tʃek/ (v) = sprawdzić

- 5a.13 surprisingly /sə'praɪzɪŋli/ (adv) = zaskakująco, zadziwiająco
e.g. Surprisingly, he did not mention the fact that he had bought a brand new car.
- 5a.14 refund /rɪfʌnd/ (n) = zwrot pieniędzy
e.g. The customer got a refund for the broken washing machine she bought yesterday.
- 5a.15 bazaar /bə'zɑː/ (n) = bazar, hala targowa
- 5a.16 bank holiday /'bæŋk 'hɒlɪdeɪ/ (n) = (British English) dzień wolny od pracy
- 5a.17 fan /fæn/ (n) = wentylator
- 5a.18 check out /tʃek 'aʊt/ (phr v) = sprawdzić, wypróbować
e.g. Have you checked out that new restaurant?
It's amazing!
- 5a.19 hard-earned cash = ciężko zarobione pieniądze
- 5a.20 consider /kən'sɪdə/ (v) = zastanowić się nad czymś, rozważyć
e.g. If you're bored with your life, why not consider moving to a different city?
Der.: consideration (n)
- 5a.21 hunt around for sth (v) = rozglądać się za czymś
Der.: hunter (n)
- 5a.22 option /'ɒpʃən/ (n) = a choice / wybór, opcja
e.g. With this mobile phone, you have the option of having the language in English or in French.
- 5a.23 patience /peɪʃəns/ (n) = cierpliwość

- 5a.24 **alternative** /ɔ:l'tɜ:nətɪv/ (n) = możliwość, wybór
- 5a.25 **come up with** /kʌm 'ʌp wɪð/ (phr v) = znaleźć, wynajdywać
e.g. *She's come up with several pubs where the party could take place.*
- 5a.26 **lighter on sb's pocket** = cheap / tani
- 5a.27 **unwanted** /,ʌn'wɒntɪd/ (adj) = niepotrzebny, zbędny
- 5a.28 **dig out** /dɪg 'aʊt/ (phr v) = wyszperać
- 5a.29 **attic** /æ'tɪk/ (n) = strych
e.g. *All of our old clothes and things we don't use are stored in the attic.*
- 5a.30 **swap** /swɒp/ (v) = to exchange / zamienić się (czymś)
e.g. *Would you consider swapping your bicycle for my skateboard?*
- 5a.31 **trader** /treɪdər/ (n) = handlarz
- 5a.32 **equipment** /'kwɪpmənt/ (n) = sprzęt
- 5a.33 **turn up** /tɜ:n 'ʌp/ (phr v) = to appear / pojawić się
e.g. *She turned up at the café a whole hour late.*
- 5a.34 **be held** (v) = odbywać się
- 5a.35 **rare** /reə/ (adj) = rzadki
Opp.: common
- 5a.36 **donate** /dəʊ'neɪt/ (v) = dać na cel charytatywny
Der.: donation (n)
- 5a.37 **miscellaneous** /,mɪsə'leɪniəs/ (adj) = rozmaity, różny
- 5a.38 **next to nothing** = prawie nic
- 5a.39 **homeless** /'həʊmləs/ (adj) = bezdomny
e.g. *The homeless man had no choice but to sleep on a park bench.*
- 5a.40 **developing** /dɪ'veləpɪŋ/ (adj) = rozwijający się
- 5a.41 **handmade** /'hænd'meɪd/ (adj) = wykonany ręcznie
e.g. *Handmade rugs are more expensive than machine-made ones.*
Opp.: machine-made
- 5a.42 **decoration** /,deke'reɪʃn/ (n) = ozdoba
- 5a.43 **raise** /reɪz/ (v) = (o pieniądzach) zbierać
- 5a.44 **shop till you drop** = kupować bez ograniczeń
- 5a.45 **cause** /kɔ:z/ (n) = cel (np. charytatywny)
- 5a.46 **be in the mood to do sth** = być w nastroju do czegoś
e.g. *Are you in the mood to go to the cinema, or would you rather stay at home?*
- 5a.47 **head (for)** /hed/ (v) = zmierzać (do)
e.g. *As we were heading for the bank, we saw an accident.*
- 5a.48 **salesperson** /seɪlzpɜ:sn/ (n) = sprzedawca
- 5a.49 **customer** /'kʌstəmər/ (n) = klient
- 5a.50 **condition** /kən'dɪʃn/ (n) = stan
-
- 5b – Vocabulary Practice (pp. 56–57)**
-
- 5b.1 **saving** /'seɪvɪŋ/ (n) = a discount / oszczędność, zniżka
- 5b.2 **half price** /,ha:f 'praɪs/ (n) = (za) połowę ceny
- 5b.3 **Don't miss it!** = Nie przegap!
- 5b.4 **special offer** /,speʃjəl 'ɒfər/ (n) = oferta specjalna
e.g. *There is a special offer: all items in the store are 30% off.*
- 5b.5 **major** /'meɪdʒər/ (adj) = znaczny, duży
Opp.: minor
- 5b.6 **reduction** /rɪ'dʌkʃn/ (n) = obniżka (cen)
Opp.: increase (n)
- 5b.7 **selection** /sɪ'leɪʃn/ (n) = variety, range / wybór
- 5b.8 **elegant** /'elɪɡənt/ (adj) = smart / elegancki
e.g. *She looked very elegant in her long evening dress and gold earrings.*
- 5b.9 **fishmonger's** /'fɪʃmʌŋgəz/ (n) = sklep rybny
- 5b.10 **confectioner's** /kən'fekʃənəz/ (n) = cukiernia
- 5b.11 **dry cleaner's** /draɪ'kli:nəz/ (n) = pralnia chemiczna
- 5b.12 **stationer's** /steɪʃənəz/ (n) = sklep papierniczy
- 5b.13 **chemist's** /kemɪsts/ (n) = apteka
- 5b.14 **jeweller's** /dʒu:ələz/ (n) = sklep jubilerski
- 5b.15 **newsagent's** /nju:zædʒənts/ (n) = kiosk z gazetami
- 5b.16 **by cheque** = (płacić) czekiem
e.g. *Would you like to pay in cash or by cheque?*
- 5b.17 **on sale** = w sprzedaży
- 5b.18 **be up for sale** = być wystawionym na sprzedaż
e.g. *If you are interested in buying a house, our house is up for sale for a reasonable price.*
- 5b.19 **on credit** = na kredyt
- 5b.20 **in cash** = (płacić) gotówką
- 5b.21 **accessory** /ək'sesəri/ (n) = dodatek (np. apaszka, biżuteria)
- 5b.22 **material** /mə'tɪəriəl/ (n) = materiał
- 5b.23 **unbeatable** /ʌn'bi:təbəl/ (adj) = bezkonkurencyjny, nie do przebicia
- 5b.24 **value** /'vælju/ (n) = wartość; tu: opłacalność (zakupu)
- 5b.25 **leather** /'leðər/ (n) = skóra (jako materiał)
- 5b.26 **high-heeled** /'haɪ'hɪld/ (adj) = na wysokim obcasie
e.g. *Since she started wearing high-heeled shoes, she found it hard to walk on the uneven pavement.*
- 5b.27 **lace-up shoes** /leɪsʌp 'ʃu:z/ (n pl) = buty sznurowane
- 5b.28 **'quality** /'kwɒlɪti/ (n) = jakość
e.g. *Although it was an attractive T-shirt, he didn't buy it because it was of bad quality.*
- 5b.29 **cotton** /kɒtən/ (adj) = bawełna
- 5b.30 **pure** /pjʊər/ (adj) = czysty
- 5b.31 **wool** /wʊl/ (n) = wełna
- 5b.32 **acrylic** /ə'krɪlɪk/ (adj) = akrylowy
- 5b.33 **machine washable** /mə'ʃɪn 'wɒʃəbəl/ (adj) = nadający się do prania w pralce
- 5b.34 **baseball cap** /beɪsbɔ:l kæp/ (n) = czapka baseballowa
- 5b.35 **baggy-style** /'bæɡi'staɪl/ (adj) = luźny, workowaty

- 5b.36 unisex /'ju:niseks/ (adj) = (o ubraniu) uniseks, dla obu płci
- 5b.37 full-length /'fʊl'leŋθ/ (adj) = długi
- 5b.38 waterproof /'wɔ:təpru:f/ (adj) = nieprzemakalny, wodoodporny
e.g. *Little Billy, who enjoys scuba diving, was delighted when his father bought him a waterproof watch.*
- 5b.39 nylon /'naɪlɒn/ (adj) = nylonowy
- 5b.40 anorak /'ænərək/ (n) = anorak
- 5b.41 plain /pleɪn/ (adj) = (o ubraniu) prosty, niewyszukany
- 5b.42 fancy /'fænsi/ (adj) = (o ubraniu) wyszukany, wymyślny
- 5b.43 formal /'fɔ:məl/ (adj) = galowy, elegancki
e.g. *Wearing formal clothes for a job interview is absolutely necessary.*
- 5b.44 casual /'kæʒuəl/ (adj) = (o ubraniu) swobodny, codzienny
- 5b.45 trendy /'trendi/ (adj) = modny, na czasie
- 5b.46 menswear /'menzweə/ (n) = odzież męska
- 5b.47 fitting room /'fɪtɪŋ ru:m/ (n) = przymierzalnia
- 5b.48 receipt /'ri:si:t/ (n) = pokwitowanie, paragon
e.g. *The customer could not exchange the item he bought because he had lost the receipt.*

5c – Grammar in use (pp. 58–59)

- 5c.1 obligation /'ɒblɪ'geɪʃən/ (n) = obowiązek, zobowiązanie
- 5c.2 permission /pə'mɪʃən/ (n) = zgoda
e.g. *After getting my boss's permission, I took the afternoon off so as to get my car fixed.*
- 5c.3 prohibition /'prɒvɪ'bɪʃən/ (n) = zakaz
- 5c.4 absence /'æbsəns/ (n) = tu: brak
Opp.: presence
- 5c.5 tip /tɪp/ (n) = napiwek
e.g. *We left the waiter a big tip because he was so polite and professional.*
- 5c.6 obtain /əb'teɪn/ (v) = otrzymać
- 5c.7 overtime /'əʊvətaɪm/ (adv) = nadgodziny
e.g. *She quit her job because she was not paid for working overtime.*
- 5c.8 display /dɪ'spleɪ/ (n) = wystawa
- 5c.9 assumption /ə'sʌmpʃən/ (n) = przypuszczenie
- 5c.10 flea market /'fli: mɑ:kɪt/ (n) = pchli targ

Phrasal verbs

- 5c.11 look forward to /'lʊk 'fɔ:wəd tə/ = nie móc się doczekać
- 5c.12 look out (for) /'lʊk 'aʊt/ = uważać (na)
- 5c.13 look up /'lʊk 'ʌp/ = sprawdzić (np. w słowniku)
- 5c.14 look for /'lʊk fə/ = szukać
- 5c.15 look after /'lʊk 'ɑ:ftə/ = to take care (of) / zaopiekować się

- 5c.16 pickpocket /'pɪk'pɒkɪt/ (n) = kieszonkowiec

5d – Listening & Speaking skills (pp. 60–61)

- 5d.1 cardigan /'kɑ:dɪgən/ (n) = sweter rozpinany
- 5d.2 hold on /'həʊld 'ɒn/ (phr v) = to wait / poczekać
- 5d.3 triangular /'traɪ'æŋgjʊlə/ (adj) = trójkątny
- 5d.4 square /skweə/ (adj) = kwadratowy
- 5d.5 rectangular /'rek'tæŋgjʊlə/ (adj) = prostokątny
- 5d.6 floral /'flɔ:rəl/ (adj) = kwiecisty, w kwiaty
- 5d.7 striped /'straɪpt/ (adj) = pasiasty, w paski
e.g. *He wore an awful striped shirt that made him look like a zebra.*
- 5d.8 checked /tʃekt/ (adj) = kraciasty, w kratkę
- 5d.9 polka-dot /'pɒlkədɒt/ (adj) = w kropki
- 5d.10 straw /stro/ (n) = słomiany
- 5d.11 clay /kleɪ/ (n) = gliniany
- 5d.12 wheel /wi:l/ (n) = kółko
e.g. *It's easy to move my suitcase along because it has small wheels.*
- 5d.13 peak /pi:k/ (n) = daszek (np. u czapki baseballowej)
- 5d.14 lace /leɪs/ (n) = sznurówka
- 5d.15 handle /'hændl/ (n) = rączka, uchwyt
- 5d.16 kimono /kɪ'mɒnəʊ/ (n) = kimono
- 5d.17 sombrero /sɒm'breərəʊ/ (n) = sombrero
- 5d.18 pot /pɒt/ = dzban

5e – Writing (p. 62)

- 5e.1 assess /ə'ses/ (v) = ocenić
e.g. *After assessing your CV, we have decided that you have enough experience to work for us.*
- 5e.2 silk /sɪlk/ (n) = jedwab

Culture Clip 5 (p. 63)

- CC5.1 colonial /kə'lɒniəl/ (adj) = kolonialny
- CC5.2 colony /'kɒləni/ (n) = a country ruled by another (stronger) country / kolonia
- CC5.3 copy /kɒpi/ (v) = naśladować
e.g. *I wish you would stop copying my drawing style and come up with something original instead.*
- CC5.4 typical /'tɪpɪkəl/ (adj) = characteristic / typowy
e.g. *It's a typical example of baroque architecture.*
- CC5.5 symmetrical /sɪ'metɪkəl/ (adj) = symetryczny
- CC5.6 side /saɪd/ (n) = strona
- CC5.7 row /rəʊ/ (n) = rząd, szereg
- CC5.8 brick /brɪk/ (n) = cegła
e.g. *Although most of the wooden houses were destroyed by a terrible storm, those made of brick were left standing.*

UNIT 5

- CC5.9 shutter /ˈʃʌtə/ (n) = okiennica
- CC5.10 frame /fræm/ (n) = futryna, framuga
- CC5.11 cottage /ˈkɒtɪdʒ/ (n) = domek
- CC5.12 steep /sti:p/ (adj) = stromy
e.g. To ride your bicycle up this steep road, you need a lot of strength.
- CC5.13 uneven /ˌʌnˈiːvən/ (adj) = nierówny
- CC5.14 slate /sleɪt/ (n) = płytki łupkowa dachowa
- CC5.15 sloping /ˈsləʊpɪŋ/ (adj) = pochylony
- CC5.16 architect /ˈɑːkɪtekt/ (n) = architekt
- CC5.17 horizontal /ˌhɒrɪˈzɒntəl/ (adj) = poziomy
Opp.: vertical
- CC5.18 flat /flæt/ (adj) = płaski
e.g. Iowa is a completely flat US state with not a hill or mountain in sight.
- CC5.19 stick out /stɪk ˈaʊt/ (phr v) = wystawać
- CC5.20 porch /pɔːtʃ/ (n) = weranda
e.g. On hot summer nights, we sit on the porch and enjoy the breeze.

6a – (pp. 64–65)

- 6a.1 happy days /'hæpi deɪz/ (n pl) = szczęśliwe dni
- 6a.2 link /lɪŋk/ (v) = to connect / łączyć
- 6a.3 mate /meɪt/ (v) = (o ptakach) parzyć się
- 6a.4 wed /wed/ (v) = (przestarzałe) pobrać się
Opp.: divorce
- 6a.5 dread /dred/ (v) = bać się, lękać się
e.g. I dread having a lot of work to do; it always makes me stressed.
- 6a.6 fate /feɪt/ (n) = los
e.g. After the terrible storm, the fate of the four fishermen is still unknown.
- 6a.7 sorrow /sɒrəʊ/ (n) = smutek, żal
Opp.: joy
- 6a.8 luck /lʌk/ (n) = szczęście, traf
e.g. What good luck to find a €50 note lying on the ground!
- 6a.9 fortune /'fɔ:ʃju:n/ (n) = tu: szczęście
e.g. I had the good fortune to meet him that day and talk to him about my latest project.
- 6a.10 groom /gru:m/ (n) = pan młody
e.g. The groom wore a white suit to his wedding.
- 6a.11 bride /braɪd/ (n) = panna młoda
e.g. Everyone turned to look at the bride's beautiful wedding dress.
- 6a.12 bouquet /bu:'keɪ/ (n) = bukiet
- 6a.13 wedding cake /'wedɪŋ keɪk/ (n) = tort weselny
- 6a.14 maiden /'meɪdənv/ (n) = (przestarzałe) dziewczę, dziewczyna
- 6a.15 roots /ru:t/ (n pl) = korzenie, źródła
- 6a.16 folklore /'fɒlkləʊ/ (n) = folklor, tradycja ludowa
- 6a.17 superstition /'su:pə'stɪʃənv/ (n) = przesąd, zabobon
e.g. According to superstition, it's bad luck if a cat crosses your path.
- 6a.18 ancient custom /'eɪnʃənt 'kʌstəm/ (n) = stary zwyczaj
- 6a.19 in the hope that = w nadziei, że
e.g. She prayed to God every night in the hope that her prayer would come true.
- 6a.20 treat /tri:t/ (n) = smakołyk, przyjemność
- 6a.21 goose /gu:s/ (n) = gęś
- 6a.22 in sb's honour = na cześć
e.g. They built a statue in the park in the poet's honour.
- 6a.23 generosity /'dʒenə'reɪsɪti/ (n) = hojność, szczodrość
- 6a.24 change one's mind (idm) = zmienić zdanie
e.g. I've changed my mind and have decided to come with you to the island after all.
- 6a.25 spend a fortune = wydać majątek
e.g. Oh dear, he must have spent a fortune on that gold Rolex watch!
- 6a.26 wreath /rɪθ/ (n) = wianek
- 6a.27 wild flower /'waɪld flɑ:əʊ/ (n) = kwiat polny
- 6a.28 pick /pɪk/ (v) = zrywać (kwiaty)
e.g. The gardener warned the children not to pick roses from the garden.
- 6a.29 handkerchief /'hæŋkətʃɪf/ (n) = chusteczka
- 6a.30 horseshoe /'hɔ:sʃu:/ (n) = podkowa
- 6a.31 christening robe /'krɪs'nɪŋ rəʊb/ (n) = szata do chrztu
- 6a.32 icing (n) = lukier
- 6a.33 the icing on the cake (idm) = dopełnienie szczęścia
e.g. We had a wonderful trip abroad and meeting the British ambassador was the icing on the cake.
- 6a.34 take pride (in) = być dumnym (z czegoś)
e.g. He takes pride in the fact that he can make attractive tables and chairs.
Opp.: be ashamed (of)
- 6a.35 three-tier /θri:'tiə/ (adj) = (o torcie) składający się z trzech pięter
- 6a.36 reception /rɪ'sepʃənv/ (n) = przyjęcie
e.g. At the wedding reception, guests danced, drank and ate delicious food.
- 6a.37 theme /θi:m/ (n) = motyw
e.g. Elves and fairy queens seem to be the main theme of her art.
- 6a.38 swan /swɒn/ (n) = labędź
- 6a.39 fairy /'feəri/ (n) = duszek
e.g. There is a painting of a little fairy on my bedroom wall.
- 6a.40 according to /ə'kɔ:dɪŋ tə/ = według
e.g. According to my sister, it was you who broke the vase, but I'll have to find out for myself.
- 6a.41 top layer = tu: najwyższe piętro tortu
- 6a.42 store /stɔ:ʔ/ (v) = przechowywać
e.g. You ought to store this tin of food in a cool, dry place.
Der.: storage (n)
- 6a.43 tin /tɪn/ (n) = metalowe pudełko
- 6a.44 wisdom /'wɪzdəm/ (n) = mądrość ludowa
- 6a.45 tempt /tempt/ (v) = kusić
e.g. While being on a diet, she was always tempted to eat sweets.
- 6a.46 carry off /'kæri 'ɒf/ (phr v) = zabrać, porwać
- 6a.47 forever /fə'revə/ (adv) = na zawsze
e.g. Some believe that good people will go to heaven and live forever.

6b – Vocabulary Practice (pp. 66–67)

- 6b.1 Halloween /'hæləʊ'ɪn/ (n) = wigilia Wszystkich Świętych, Halloween

- 6b.2 pumpkin lantern /pʌmpkɪn 'læntən/ (n) = lampion zrobiony z dyni (na Halloween)
- 6b.3 strange /streɪndʒ/ (adj) = odd / dziwny
e.g. *What a strange man! Every morning he stands on his head for an hour.*
Opp.: usual, normal
- 6b.4 scare /skeə/ (v) = to frighten / przestraszyć
- 6b.5 trick or treat = dost. psikus albo smakołyk (zawołanie dzieci używane podczas święta Halloween)
- 6b.6 mosque /mosk/ (n) = meczet
- 6b.7 fair /feə/ (n) = targ, jarmark; kiermasz
- 6b.8 cracker /krækə/ (n) = zabawka bożonarodzeniowa w kształcie dużego cukierka, który pęka z trzaskiem po pociągnięciu za końce, ujawniając ukryty w środku prezent
- 6b.9 hang up /'hæŋ 'ʌp/ (phr v) = rozwiesić (ubrania)
e.g. *Hang up your clothes outside; the sun can dry them faster.*
- 6b.10 stocking /'stɒkɪŋ/ (n) = tu: skarpetka, do której chowa się prezenty świąteczne
- 6b.11 carols /kærəlz/ (n pl) = koledy
- 6b.12 exchange /ɪks'tʃeɪndʒ/ (v) = wymienić się (prezentami)
- 6b.13 dress up /dres 'ʌp/ (phr v) = przebrać się (za)
e.g. *Would you rather dress up as a ghost or a witch?*
- 6b.14 parade /pə'reɪd/ (n) = parada
- 6b.15 streamer /'stri:mə/ (n) = serpentyna
- 6b.16 fireworks /'faɪəwɜ:ks/ (n pl) = ognie sztuczne
e.g. *After the ceremony, the fireworks lit up the night sky.*
- 6b.17 greetings /'gri:tɪŋz/ (n pl) = pozdrowienia
- 6b.18 May Day /meɪ deɪ/ (n) = 1 Maja, Święto Pracy
- 6b.19 Independence Day /ˌɪndɪ'pendəns deɪ/ (n) = Święto Niepodległości (Stanów Zjednoczonych)
- 6b.20 bridal shower /'braɪdʒəl 'ʃəʊə/ (n) = (American English) przyjęcie organizowane dla kobiety mającej za niedługo wyjść za mąż
- 6b.21 congratulate /kən'græʃtʃuleɪt/ (v) = to compliment / gratulować
- 6b.22 Well done! = Brawo!, Dobra robota!
- 6b.23 graduate /'grædʒueɪt/ (v) = ukończyć (studia)
e.g. *Which university did you graduate from?*
- 6b.24 promotion /prə'məʃjən/ (n) = awans
e.g. *Due to her excellent work, she received a promotion.*
Opp.: demotion
- 6b.25 be relieved /rɪ'li:vɪd/ (adj) = poczuć ulgę
e.g. *I was relieved to find my wallet – I thought I had lost it.*
- 6b.26 satisfied /sætɪsfaɪd/ (adj) = zadowolony
e.g. *He was not at all satisfied with his meal and complained to the chef about it.*
- 6b.27 fascinated /fæsɪneɪtɪd/ (adj) = zafascynowany
e.g. *My cousin is fascinated by giants and fairies – the walls in her room are covered with posters showing such creatures.*
- 6b.28 engagement /ɪn'ɡeɪdʒmənt/ (n) = zaręczyny
- 6b.29 fancy dress party (n) = bal kostiumowy
- 6b.30 retirement /rɪ'taɪəmənt/ (n) = emerytura
e.g. *He's so hardworking that he finds it difficult to even think of retirement.*
- 6b.31 spectacular /spek'tækjələ/ (adj) = spektakularny
- 6b.32 amusing /ə'mju:zɪŋ/ (adj) = zabawny, śmieszny
e.g. *Although my joke was funny, one of my friends found it not at all amusing.*
- 6b.33 entertaining /entə'teɪnɪŋ/ (adj) = rozrywkowy
- 6b.34 superb /su:'pɜ:b/ (adj) = excellent / wspaniały, znakomity
e.g. *The dinner was superb: everything was very much to our liking.*
- 6b.35 dull /dʌl/ (adj) = uninteresting / nudny, nieciekawny
Opp.: interesting
- 6b.36 greetings card /'gri:tɪŋz kɑ:d/ (n) = kartka z życzeniami
- 6b.37 graduation /ˌgrædʒu'eɪʃən/ (n) = ukończenie studiów
e.g. *Graduation was the only thing on the students' minds – to successfully finish university and enter the real world.*
- 6b.38 Season's Greetings = Wesołych Świąt!
- 6b.39 speedy /'spi:di/ (adj) = fast / szybki
Opp.: slow
- 6b.40 recovery /rɪ'kʌvəri/ (n) = powrót do zdrowia
- 6b.41 colleague /kə'li:g/ (n) = kolega/koleżanka z pracy
e.g. *We sent our sick colleague a greetings card, wishing her a speedy recovery.*

6c – Grammar in use (pp. 68–69)

- 6c.1 fixed arrangement /fɪksɪd ə'reɪndʒmənt/ (n) = wcześniejsze przygotowanie, ustalenie
- 6c.2 on-the-spot decision = szybka decyzja, decyzja „na miejscu”
e.g. *Without thinking, I made an on-the-spot decision to go and live in the country.*
- 6c.3 cordially /kɑ:diəli/ (adv) = serdecznie
- 6c.4 annual /ænjʊəl/ (adj) = coroczny
- 6c.5 make it = tu: zdążyć

Phrasal verbs

- 6c.6 break through /breɪk 'θru: = przebić się (przez)
e.g. *He wanted to come up and talk to her but he had trouble breaking through the crowd.*
- 6c.7 break off /breɪk 'ɒf/ = zerwać (zaręczyny)
- 6c.8 break out (of) /breɪk 'aʊt/ = uciec (z więzienia)

- 6c.9 break away /breɪk ə'weɪ/ = oderwać się (od czegoś)
e.g. *The island broke away from the mainland thousands of years ago.*
- 6c.10 break down /breɪk 'daʊn/ = (o samochodzie) zepsuć się
- 6c.11 break into /breɪk 'ɪntə/ = włamać się (np. do mieszkania)
- 6c.12 barbecue /bɑːbɪkjʊ/ (n) = przyjęcie grillowe, barbecue

6d – Listening & Speaking skills (pp. 70–71)

- 6d.1 hats off = czapki z głów
- 6d.2 request the pleasure of sb's company = prosić kogoś uprzejmie o przybycie
- 6d.3 regrets /rɪ'ɡrets/ (n pl) = odmowa (na przyjęcie zaproszenia)
- 6d.4 job hunting /dʒɒb 'hʌntɪŋ/ (n) = poszukiwanie pracy
- 6d.5 in the post = (wysłać) pocztą
e.g. *If you want to, I'll put the letter in the post for you.*
- 6d.6 posh /pɒʃ/ (adj) = elegancki, wykwintny
- 6d.7 sit-down meal = posiłek przy stole
- 6d.8 caterer /'kætərə/ (n) = osoba bądź firma przygotowująca przyjęcia i bankiety
e.g. *The caterer did an excellent job preparing the food for the party.*
- 6d.9 buffet /'bʊfeɪ/ (n) = przyjęcie na stojąco
- 6d.10 put on weight = przytyć
- 6d.11 pick sb up /pɪk 'ʌp/ (phr v) = zabrać, odebrać kogoś
e.g. *I'll pick you up at eight to take you to the airport, so make sure you are ready by then.*
- 6d.12 elbow /'elbəʊ/ (n) = łokieć
- 6d.13 empty-handed /'empti'hændɪd/ (adj) = z niczym, z pustymi rękami
- 6d.14 colourfully wrapped = zapakowany w kolorowy papier
- 6d.15 think highly of sb/sth = mieć o kimś/czymś wysokie mniemanie
e.g. *All of Professor Higgins' students think highly of him; he's both intelligent and humorous.*
- 6d.16 evaluate /'væljueɪt/ (v) = ocenić
e.g. *In order to evaluate your work properly, I first need to understand the subject better.*
- 6d.17 celebrate /'selɪbreɪt/ (v) = świętować
e.g. *After graduating from university, she decided to celebrate by throwing a big party.*
- 6d.18 occasion /ə'keɪʒən/ (n) = okazja, uroczystość
- 6d.19 delighted /dɪ'laitɪd/ (adj) = zachwycony
e.g. *She was delighted by his suggestion to do the project together.*

- 6d.20 succeed /sək'sɪd/ (v) = odnieść sukces
e.g. *If you try hard and never give up, you will succeed.*
- 6d.21 insist /ɪn'sɪst/ (v) = nalegać
e.g. *I know you don't want to go to the zoo, but I insist that we go because little Suzie has never been to one.*
Der.: insistence (n)

6e – Writing (p. 72)

- 6e.1 attractive /ə'træktɪv/ (adj) = atrakcyjny, ładny
- 6e.2 estimate /'estɪmeɪt/ (v) = szacować, oceniać

Culture Clip 6 (p. 73)

- CC6.1 bizarre /bɪ'zɑː/ (adj) = odd, strange / dziwny
e.g. *Something bizarre has just happened: the clock in the kitchen, which stopped last year, has started again!*
- CC6.2 competition /ˌkɒmpɪ'tɪʃən/ (n) = konkurencja
e.g. *There was a cake-eating competition here yesterday, and Big Joe won again by eating nine whole cakes!*
- CC6.3 take place = to happen / odbyć się
e.g. *Where will the Eurovision Song Contest take place this year?*
- CC6.4 competitor /kəm'petɪtə/ (n) = konkurent, rywal
- CC6.5 homemade /'həʊmmeɪd/ (adj) = wykonany własnoręcznie, własnej roboty
Opp.: manufactured
- CC6.6 flying machine /'flaɪŋ məʃɪn/ (n) = maszyna latająca
- CC6.7 pier /pɪə/ (n) = molo
- CC6.8 the furthest /'fɜːðəst/ (adv) = najdalej
- CC6.9 cash prize /'kæʃ praɪz/ (n) = nagroda pieniężna
- CC6.10 spectator /spek'tetə/ (n) = widz
e.g. *Thousands of spectators watched the World Cup final.*
- CC6.11 contestant /kən'testənt/ (n) = zawodnik
- CC6.12 steep /stiːp/ (adj) = stromy
- CC6.13 roll down /rɒl 'daʊn/ (phr v) = toczyć w dół
- CC6.14 chase /tʃeɪs/ (v) = ścigać
e.g. *The robber was chased by the police but managed to get away.*
- CC6.15 isle /aɪl/ (n) = wyspa
- CC6.16 flaming torch /'fleɪmɪŋ 'tɔːtʃ/ (n) = zapalona pochodnia
- CC6.17 galley /'gæli/ (n) = galeria
- CC6.18 alike /ə'laɪk/ (adv) = tak samo, jednakowo
- CC6.19 dip /dɪp/ (n) = zanurzenie, zamoczenie się (w morzu)
- CC6.20 attract /ə'trækt/ (v) = przyciągać
e.g. *People of all ages are attracted to Hollywood stars because they are beautiful and wealthy.*
Der.: attractive (adj)
- CC6.21 certificate /sə'tɪfɪkət/ (n) = certyfikat, zaświadczenie
- CC6.22 participant /pɑː'tɪsɪpənt/ (n) = uczestnik

SA

Self-Assessment Module 3

(pp. 74–75)

- SA3.1 discount /dɪskaʊnt/ (n) = zniżka
- SA3.2 RSVP: abbreviation for the French expression *répondez s'il vous plaît* (=please reply) = (np. na zaproszeniu) proszę o odpowiedź
- SA3.3 depressed /dɪ'prest/ (adj) = unhappy / przygnębiony
e.g. *The reason she's depressed and not talking to anybody is because her dog ran away.*
Opp.: cheerful, happy
- SA3.4 go into debt = wpaść w długi
- SA3.5 shopaholic /ʃɒpə'hɒlɪk/ (n) = maniak/maniaczka zakupów
- SA3.6 go on a shopping spree = iść zaszaleć w sklepach
e.g. *Yesterday, she went on a shopping spree and spent all of her husband's money.*
- SA3.7 budget /'bʌdʒɪt/ (n) = budżet

Curricular Cuts 3: Maths

CCs

(p. 76)

- CCs.3.1 addition /ə'dɪʃən/ (n) = dodawanie
- CCs.3.2 subtraction /səb'trækʃən/ (n) = odejmowanie
- CCs.3.3 multiplication /ˌmʌltɪplɪ'keɪʃən/ (n) = mnożenie
- CCs.3.4 division /dɪ'vɪʒən/ (n) = dzielenie
- CCs.3.5 price list /praɪs list/ (n) = cennik
e.g. *How can we know how much it costs when there is no price list?*
- CCs.3.6 shopping bill /'ʃɒpɪŋ bɪl/ (n) = rachunek za zakupy
- CCs.3.7 change /tʃeɪndʒ/ (n) = reszta
e.g. *I will need exact change to get a bottle of water from the vending machine.*
- CCs.3.8 note /nəʊt/ (n) = banknot
e.g. *Do you have a €5 note so that I don't have to break this €50?*
- CCs.3.9 coin /kɔɪn/ (n) = moneta
- CCs.3.10 amount /ə'maʊnt/ (n) = kwota, suma
e.g. *I'm sorry but you gave me the wrong amount of change – instead of €16 you gave me €14.*
- CCs.3.11 the nearest /'niərəst/ (adj) = najbliższy
e.g. *The nearest bank is at least five kilometres away, so I think we'd better take a taxi.*

